

21 seedlings. Six of the families are representation than five trees. They are: F-1655 x Av.49 (186 (1), F-170 x Av.49 (2), F-1624 x Av.183 (3), 183), and F-166 x Av.49 (4). The largest seedling F-328 x PB-186 (192), F-681 x Av.49 (177), F-351 F-707 x Av.49 (143), F-170 x PB-186 (138), and 184).

time these seedlings were examined it was noted sees bore a number of illegitimate seed. Many of a large enough to bear flowers during the coming ald be possible to use flowers from some of the best combinations in crosses, both as a male an parent.

25	49	35	4	5	124
2	-	7	2	2.0	11
17	19	19	4	1	67
6	8	5	2	-	21
47	41	55	31	3	192







1939 alil 14-28, 1943

A Classification of the Seedlings from the 1939 Crosses,

For their Resistance to South American Leaf Disease, Dothidella ulei; and Black Crust, Catacauma Huberi

The 1939 hand-pollinated seedling families were examined on April 14, 15, 22, 27 and 28, 1943, to determine their resistance to South American Leaf Disease. These crosses were made at Fordlandia estate and brought to Belterra where they were planted in plots C and D of block 91 at a regular field spacing.

These 1939 crosses have 38 seedling families which are represented by 1721 seedlings. Six of the families are represented by less than five trees. They are: F-1655 x Av.49 (1), F-370 x PB-186 (1), F-170 x Av.49 (2), F-1624 x Av.183 (3), F-230 x Tj-16(3), and F-166 x Av.49 (4). The largest seedling progenies are: F-328 x PB-186 (192), F-681 x Av.49 (177), F-351 x PB-186 (164), F-707 x Av.49 (143), F-170 x PB-186 (138), and F-5566 x Av.49 (124).

At the time these seedlings were examined it was noted that a few trees bore a number of illegitimate seed. Many of the trees will be large enough to bear flowers during the coming season. It should be possible to use flowers from some of the seedlings of the best combinations in crosses, both as a male and as a female parent.

## Table I

Seedling Family	<u>Cla</u>	usses 3	of 4	Resi	stan	ce to	Doth:	idella 9/10	No.of Trees							
Family -315xTj-16 -315xAv.49 -5566xTj16 -5566xAv49 -269xTj-16 -176xAv.49 -328xAv.49 -328xPB186 -6416xAv49 -516xAv.49 -71xAv.49 -707xPB186 -1168xGL-1 -406xAv.49 -351xPB186			THE RESERVE TO SHARE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH.	The real party and the last of	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	9/10	Trees  33 18 22 124 11 67 21 192 12 79 177 65 143 27 58 15 164			.Hvy  4 4 14 33 4 22 1 38 3 19 40 17 26 - 8 3 82				
1655xAv49 1624xAv183		-	-	i	2	-	-	-	1 3	-	3	-	2	-	-	

Seedling	Cla	sses	of	Resis	stand			hidella.							
Family	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9/10	Trees	Lgt	.Med	L. Hvj	Lg'	t.Med	l.Hvy.
*															
F-1403xAv.49	-	-	-	3	3	2	-	-	8	1	4	1	1	3	1
F-1625xAv.49	-	2	1	5	6	5	-	-	19	2	2	7	6	6	4
7-1395xAv.49	_	-	1	-	3	10	1-	-	15	1	-	7	-	4	7
F-1395xAv183	***	1	2	-	3	14	1	- 4	21	1	1	9	1	6	9
F-1693xPB186	-	-	3	5	2	4	2	_	16	4	3	2	1	1	1
F-170xAv.49	_		-	_	2	_	_	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	1
F-170xPB186	-	_	11	40 -	45	27	15	_	138	21	33	34	26	9	50
F-4542xAv183	2	9	9	4	2	7	3	1	37	_	4	6	3	4	13
F-230xTj-1	-	_	_	2	1	4	1	_	8	1	1	6	2	1	1
F-230xTj-16		-	-	_	_	2	_	1	3	-	-	3	-	-	-
F-208xTj-16	_	-	1	7	11	2	1	-	22	1	4	6	5	9	2
F-1276xTj-16	-	_	-	4	13	30	17	3	67	6	13	11	3	17	42
F-1639xPB186	-	-	-	6	6	3	1	3	19	3	4	4	1	-	3
F-1166xPB186	-	-	1	8	5	21	17	_	52	3	9	12	6	14	27
166xAv.49	-	-	-	-	-	2.	2	_	4	_	1	1	1	-	3
F-166xPB-186	-	_	-	3	1	12	3	_	19	3	2	5	1	3	12
F-370xPB186	-	-	-	-	1	-	_		1	-	1	-	-	-	-
F-173xAv.49	_	_	_	6	2	2	1	-	11	3	3	1	3	-	2
F-570xPB-186	_	1	3	8	10	4	1	_	27	2	4	5	7	6	3
Totals	3	29	155	405	445	501	148	35	1721	263	382	438	310	332	438
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The above Table I classifies the individual seedlings for their resistance to South American Leaf Disease, for sporulation by this disease, and for the incidence of Catacauma Huberi. There are only 3 seedlings or .17% in Class 2 on the Langford scale of resistance to SALD, 29 seedlings or 1.69% in Class 3, 155 seedlings or 9.00% in Class 4, and 405 seedlings or 23.53% in Class 5. Thus 592 seedlings or 34.39% of the total number rate Class 5 or better in their resistance to SALD.

Table I shows that a relatively high amount of sporulation by SALD occurs among the seedlings of these crosses. A total of 1083 or 62.92% of the trees exhibit some sign of sporulation. This figure is divided as follows: 15.28% of the seedlings have only sparse sporulation; in 22.19% of them moderate sporulation occurs; and 25.45% of the seedlings sporulate profusely.

The incidence of attacks by Catacauma Huberi is also high. A total of 1080 or 62.75% of the seedlings are suffering attacks by this fungus. In 18.01% of the cases the attacks are very light; moderate infections are found in 19.29% of the seedlings; and heavy attacks occur in 25.45% of the trees. By some coincidence the percentage of seedlings exhibiting heavy sporulation by SALD and the percentage of trees heavily attacked by Catacauma Huberi, is identical (25.45%).

Table II

Seedling	Resis	tance	Class		Percentage Total	
Family	1 2	3	4	5	Classes 1-5	
F-315 x Av.49		11.1%	22.2%	44.5%	77.8%	
F-707 x PB186			29.6	40.8	74.1	
F-316 x Av.49			30.4	34.2	67.1	
F6416 x Av. 49	- `-	-	41.6	25.1	66.7	
F4542 x Av183	- 5.4%	24.3	24.3	10.8	64.8	
F-171 x Av.49			18.4	37.0	60.0	
F1168 x GL-1		-	20.7	37.9	58.6	
F-315 x Tj-16	- 3.0	9.1	21.2	24.3	57.6	
F-173 x Av.49		-	-	54.5	54.5	
F1693 x PB186		-	18.7	31.3	50.0	
F-570 x PB186		3.7	11.1	29.6	44.4	

The above Table II lists the 11 seedling families having the highest percentages of seedlings resistant to SALD (classes 1-5). The table gives the percentage of seedlings in each family which fall into each of the first five resistance categories. The best four of these families are: F-315 x Av.49, F-707 x PB-186, F-316 x Av.49, and F-6416 x Av.49. However, the families having the highest percentages of their seedlings in classes 2-4 are: F-4542 x Av.183, F-6416 x Av.49, F-315 x Av.49, and F-707 x PB-186, F-316 x Av.49, and F-315 x Tj-16. The combination of F-4542 x Av.183 is especially important since 29.7% of its seedlings fall into resistance classes 2-3. The same cross is also outstanding among the 1940 seedling families.

In the following Table III, the eleven seedling families with the highest percentages of resistant seedlings are presented to demonstrate the comparative amounts of sporulation among the seedlings of each of these families. When comparing the families one notes a considerable variation in the percentage of seedlings which have sporulated. This difference ranges from 27.0% in the case of seedlings of F-4542 x Av.183, to 75.0% among the seedlings of the cross F-6416 x Av.49. The families with the lowest percentages of sporulation by SALD are: F-4542 x Av.183, F-570 x PB-186, and F-315 x Tj-16.

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Table III

	Seedling				Percentage Total Trees Sporulating.
-	F-315 x Av.49	16.7%	22.2%	22.2%	61.1% 55.6
•	F-707 x PB186 F-316 x Av.49 F-6416x Av.49 F-4542x Av183	22.3 29.1 33.3	33.3 12.6 16.7 10.8	21.6 25.0 16.2	63.3 75.0 27.0
	F-171 x Av.49 F-1168x GL-1 F-315 x Tj-16	16.9 13.8 24.2	18.4 35.8 9.1	26.2 13.8 12.1	61.5 63.4 45.4
	F-173 x Av.49 F-1693x PB186	27.3	27.3	9.0	63.6 56.2
	F-570 x PB186	7.4	14.8	18.5	40.7

Catacauma Huberi (Black Crust) has attacked to some extent, 62.75% of all the seedlings from these crosses. The seedlings of F-1693 x PB-186 have exhibited the highest resistance to this fungus; only 18.75% of the seedlings being infected. This is illustrated in Table IV. The other ten families which gave many seedlings resistant to SALD, have nearly 50.0% or more of their seedlings suffering attacks of Black Crust. The families most resistant to Black Crust fungus are: F-173 x Av.49, F-707 x PB-186, and F-315 x Tj-16.

The cross of F-315 x Av.49 has the highest percentage of seedlings resistant to SALD but it is the most heavily hit by Black Crust, of the 11 families. The seedling family of F-6416 x Av.49 has a high percentage of its seedlings attacked by Catacauma but most of the infections are very light.

Among the other families of the 1939 crosses, the family of F-5566 x Av.49 has only 30.6% of its seedlings attacked by Black Crust. The family F-1639 x PB-186 has 21.0% of its seedlings infected by this fungus, and it rates second to F-1693 x PB-186 in resistance to this disease.

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Table IV

Seedling Family		cauma Hub Medium		Percentage Total Trees Infected
F-315 x Av.49 F-707 x PB186 F-316 x Av.49 F-6416x Av.49 F-4542x Av183 F-171 x Av.49 F-1168x GL-1 F-315 x Tj-16 F-173 x Av.49	33.4% 25.9 29.1 58.3 8.1 23.1 18.9 12.1 27.3 6.25 25.9	22.2% 11.1 15.2 8.4 10.8 26.2 17.9 24.2 6.25 22.2	22.2% 11.1 11.4  35.2 9.2 26.6 12.1 18.0 6.25 11.1	77.8% 48.1 55.7 66.7 54.1 58.5 63.4 48.4 45.3 18.75 59.2
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Table V is a summary of the ll seedling families which have given the most resistant seedling (to SALD). The seedling family of F-4542 x Av.183 is probably the most outstanding. It has many resistant seedlings and the amount of sporulation by SALD is the lowest of any of the families. However, more than 50% of the seedlings in this family have been attacked by Catacauma Huberi.

The combination of F-315 x Tj-16 has a good percentage of resistant seedlings, the amount of sporulation by SALD is low, and attacks by Catacauma Huberi are much less severe than in most of the families.

The family of  $F-570 \times PB-186$  has a relatively low percentage of sporulation by SALD.

The four families which have the highest percentages of seedlings resistant to SALD, sporulate heavily and are heavily attacked by Black Crust. The best of these four families is F-707 x PB-186, which has a lower rate of sporulation by SALD and is less seriously attacked by Black Crust than the other three families.

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Table V

Femily Clas	eedlings in sses 1-5 for sistance to SALD	Sporulating	Seedlings Attacked by Catacauma Huberi
F-315 x Av.49	77.8%	61.6%	77.8% 48.1 55.7 66.7 54.1 58.5 63.4 48.4 45.3 18.75 59.2
F-707 x PB-186	74.1	55.6	
F-316 x Av.49	67.1	63.3	
F-6416 x Av.49	66.7	75.0	
F-4542 x Av-183	64.8	27.0	
F-171 x Av.49	60.0	61.5	
F-1168 x GL-1	58.6	63.4	
F-315 x Tj-16	57.6	45.4	
F-173 x Av.49	54.5	63.6	
F-1693 x PB-186	50.0	56.2	
F-570 x PB-186	44.4	40.7	

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